

UNIVERSITY OF MASSACHUSETTS

Isenberg School of Management

Department of Finance and Operations Management

FOMGT 353-Introduction to Management Science

Homework #4 – The Simplex Method.

Show your work completely and in an organized manner to receive maximum credit. Correct answers without supporting calculations or diagrams will not receive credit. Incorrect answers using the correct method and a good presentation will receive substantial credit.

My name is:

Solve the following linear program in the steps outlined in parts 1. to 6.

Minimize $152 x_1 + 140 x_2$

(1): $1.2 x_1 + 1.4 x_2 \geq 10$

(2): $1.4 x_1 + 0.8 x_2 \geq 10$

(3): $1.5 x_1 + 0.2 x_2 \geq 7.1$

(4): $-x_1 - x_2 \Rightarrow -15$

$x_1, x_2 \Rightarrow 0$

1. Convert the LP to Standard Form.

Minimize $152 x_1 + 140 x_2$

Subject to

(1): $1.2 x_1 + 1.4 x_2 - s_1 = 10$

(2): $1.4 x_1 + 0.8 x_2 - s_2 = 10$

(3): $1.5 x_1 + 0.2 x_2 - s_3 = 7.1$

(4): $x_1 + x_2 + s_4 = 15$

$x_1, x_2, s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4 \Rightarrow 0$

2. Convert the LP to Canonical Form.

Minimize $152x_1 + 140x_2 + M \cdot a_1 + M \cdot a_2 + M \cdot a_3$
 Subject to
 (1): $1.2x_1 + 1.4x_2 - s_1 + a_1 = 10$
 (2): $1.4x_1 + 0.8x_2 - s_2 + a_2 = 10$
 (3): $1.5x_1 + 0.2x_2 - s_3 + a_3 = 7.1$
 (4): $x_1 + x_2 + s_4 = 15$
 $x_1, x_2, s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, a_1, a_2, a_3 \geq 0$

3. What is the Initial Basic Feasible Solution?

$x_1 = 0, x_2 = 0, s_1 = 0, s_2 = 0, s_3 = 0, s_4 = 15, a_1 = 10, a_2 = 10, a_3 = 7.1$ and $z = 27.1M$

4. Construct the Initial Simplex Tableau. Let $M = 1,000$ to keep things simple!!

5. Which Variable is the Entering Variable and which variable is the Leaving Variable at this point in the Simplex Method.

Basis	Cj	x1	x2	s1	s2	s3	s4	a1	a2	a3	Bi	
a1	1000	1.2	1.4	-1	0	0	0	1	0	0	10	8.33
a2	1000	1.4	0.8	0	-1	0	0	0	1	0	10	7.14
a3	1000	1.5	0.2	0	0	-1	0	0	0	1	7.1	4.73
s4	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	15	15.00
Zj		4100	2400	-1000	-1000	-1000	0	1000	1000	1000	27100	
Cj-Zj		-3948	-2260	1000	1000	1000	0	0	0	0		

Most negative Cj-Zj, so x1 is the Entering Variable.

The minimum positive Ratio is 4.73333, so a3 is the Leaving Variable.

6. Solve the problem in 3 pivots, and give the Optimal Solution in full.

New Row 3	x1	152	1	0.133	0.000	0.000	-0.667	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.667	4.733
New Row 1	a1	1000	0	1.240	-1.000	0.000	0.800	0.000	1.000	0.000	-0.800	4.320
New Row 2	a2	1000	0	0.613	0.000	-1.000	0.933	0.000	0.000	1.000	-0.933	3.373
New Row 4	s4	0	0	0.867	0.000	0.000	0.667	1.000	0.000	0.000	-0.667	10.267

Basis	Cj	x1	x2	s1	s2	s3	s4	a1	a2	a3	Bi
a1	1000	0	1.240	-1.000	0.000	0.800	0.000	1.000	0.000	-0.800	4.320
a2	1000	0	0.613	0.000	-1.000	0.933	0.000	0.000	1.000	-0.933	3.373
x1	152	1	0.133	0.000	0.000	-0.667	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.667	4.733
s4	0	0	0.867	0.000	0.000	0.667	1.000	0.000	0.000	-0.667	10.267
Zj		152	1874	-1000	-1000	1632	0	1000	1000	-1632	8413
Cj-Zj		0	-1734	1000	1000	-1632	0	0	0	2632	

3.4839
5.5
35.5
11.846

Most negative Cj-Zj, so x2 is the Entering Variable.

The minimum positive Ratio is 3.483871, so a1 is the Leaving Variable.

New Row 1	x2	140	0	1	-0.806	0	0.6452	0	0.8065	0	-0.645	3.4839
New Row 2	a2	M	0	0	0.4946	-1	0.5376	0	-0.495	1	-0.538	1.2366
New Row 3	x1	152	1	0	0.1075	0	-0.753	0	-0.108	0	0.7527	4.2688
New Row 4	s4	0	0	0	0.6989	0	0.1075	1	-0.699	0	-0.108	7.2473

Basis	Cj	x1	x2	s1	s2	s3	s4	a1	a2	a3	Bi
x2	140	0	1.000	-0.806	0.000	0.645	0.000	0.806	0.000	-0.645	3.484
a2	1000	0	0.000	0.495	-1.000	0.538	0.000	-0.495	1.000	-0.538	1.237
x1	152	1	0.000	0.108	0.000	-0.753	0.000	-0.108	0.000	0.753	4.269
s4	0	0	0.000	0.699	0.000	0.108	1.000	-0.699	0.000	-0.108	7.247
Zj		152	140	398	-1000	514	0	-398	1000	-514	2373
Cj-Zj		0	0	-398	1000	-514	0	1398	0	1514	

5.4
2.3
-5.671
67.4

Most negative Cj-Zj, so s3 is the Entering Variable.

The minimum positive Ratio is 2.3, so a2 is the Leaving Variable.

New Row 2	s3	0	0	0	0.92	-1.86	1	0	-0.92	1.86	-1	2.3
New Row 1	x2	140	0	1	-1.4	1.2	0	0	1.4	-1.2	0	2
New Row 3	x1	152	1	0	0.8	-1.4	0	0	-0.8	1.4	0	6
New Row 4	s4	0	0	0	0.6	0.2	0	1	-0.6	-0.2	0	7

Basis	Cj	x1	x2	s1	s2	s3	s4	a1	a2	a3	Bi
		152	140	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	
x2	140	0	1.000	-1.400	1.200	0.000	0.000	1.400	-1.200	0.000	2.000
s3	0	0	0.000	0.920	-1.860	1.000	0.000	-0.920	1.860	-1.000	2.300
x1	152	1	0.000	0.800	-1.400	0.000	0.000	-0.800	1.400	0.000	6.000
s4	0	0	0.000	0.600	0.200	0.000	1.000	-0.600	-0.200	0.000	7.000
Zj		152.0	140.0	-74.4	-44.8	0.0	0.0	74.4	44.8	0.0	1192.0
Cj-Zj		0	0	74	45	0	0	926	955	1000	

No negative Cj-Zj values so stop solution is optimal at x1 = 6, x2 = 2, s1 = 0, s2 = 0, s3 = 2.3, s4 = 7 and with an Objective Function Value z = 1,192